

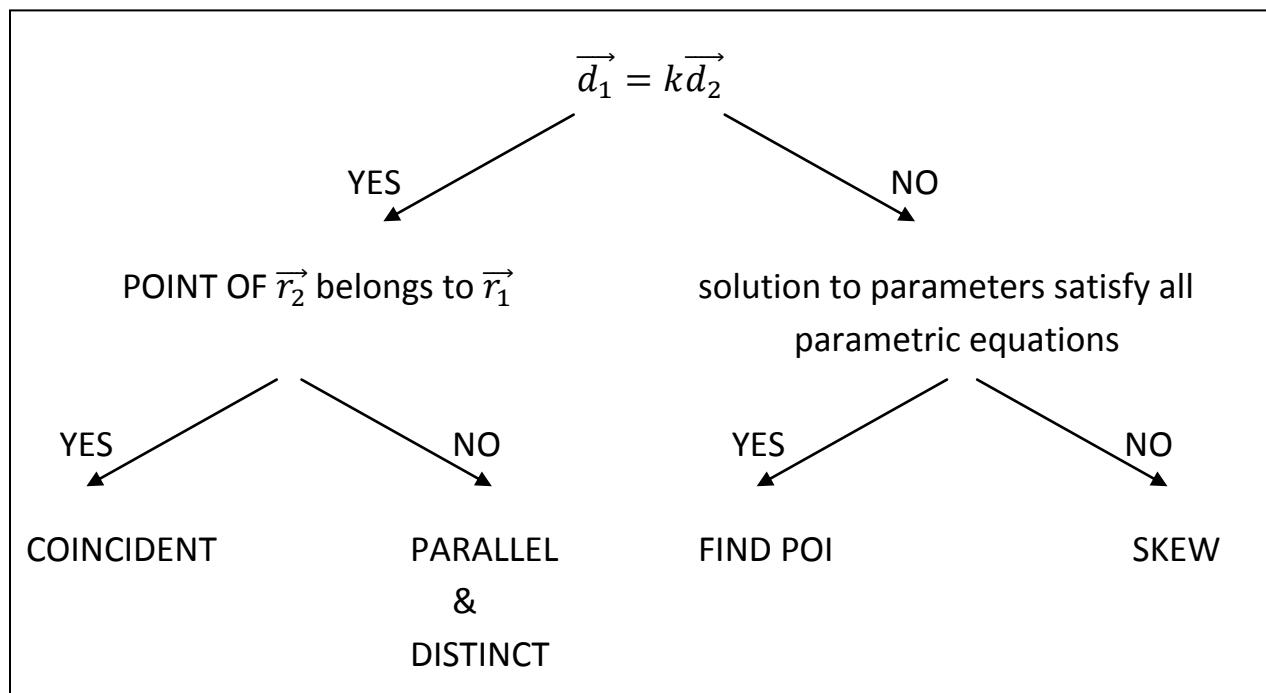
MCV 4U

INTERSECTION OF TWO LINES

2 LINES IN 3D SPACE may be described as...

- ① **COINCIDENT:** infinite number of common points
- ② **PARALLEL & DISTINCT:** no point of intersection
- ③ **INTERSECT AT A POINT:** find the poi
- ④ **SKEW:** lines that are not parallel and do not intersect
-- lie in different planes

In order to determine how 2 lines are related, use the flow-chart below:



EXAMPLES: Describe the nature of each pair of lines.

① $\vec{r}_1 = (-1, 1, 0) + t(3, 4, -2)$ and $\vec{r}_2 = (-1, 0, -7) + s(2, 3, 1)$

② $\vec{r}_1: x - 2 = 1 - y = z$ and $\vec{r}_2: \frac{x-3}{2} = \frac{y}{3} = -z - 1$

③ $\vec{r}_1: -x + 2 = \frac{1-y}{3} = \frac{z}{2}$ and $\vec{r}_2: \frac{x-2}{2} = \frac{y+1}{4} = z - 5$